

The Republicans at Albany are still scattering their votes and wasting their influence.

So far it seems that no one will be hurt at Albany on account of the charge of bribery, except those who thought to concoct a scheme to injure Depew.

Mr. Platt has no doubt wished a thousand times that he had never obeyed Mr. Conkling's order to resign. He should have been his own boss as it was his own seat.

Windom and James appear to be the glory of the administration. They are attending to their business, inaugurating practical reforms, saving the government hundreds of thousands of dollars, and saying little about it.

The authorities of Philadelphia have issued an order prohibiting fireworks within the city limits on the Fourth of July. If this order can be enforced, it will likely save the city a good many thousand dollars by preventing fires.

Some Washington correspondent thought to startle the country by the announcement that the President and the cabinet are on good terms and that there would be no smash-up. How clever some of these Washington correspondents are.

The American horse is raising his reputation in Europe. Now that Ironsides and Foxhall have won two remarkable races on the other side of the Atlantic, the question will naturally be asked, "Is any European interest safe from American rivalry?"

After an experience of two months or more, Governor St. John, of Kansas, says the prohibitory law of that State has proved a grand success. In Topeka, with 16,000 population, there has been but one arrest for drunkenness since May 17, and that man, it is claimed, got drunk on bitters.

They are turning paper into good account and are achieving astonishing results. They are not only making car-wheels which are as durable as iron, but they have finally made an experiment of building paper domes. The one for the West Point observatory is 30 feet in diameter, and weighs two tons, only one-tenth as much as one of iron of equal size.

The grand prize which the American colt, Foxhall, won in Paris, was nearly \$35,000. In previous years it had been won by seven English horses, nine French, and one Hungarian. Mr. Keene, the owner of Foxhall, says there will not be much of the prize left when he gives \$2,500 of it to his driver, a like sum to the trainer, and what he will spend among his friends in honor of winning the race.

At the recent convention of temperance people held in Madison, there seemed to be a divided opinion on the question of running a prohibition State ticket this fall. Of course some spoke in favor of it, while some of the most prominent temperance workers in the State spoke against it. The general feeling appeared to be that there would be no State ticket put up, but that the prohibitionists would confine their political work to the Senate and Assembly districts, and concentrate their votes on candidates for the Legislature.

A week ago, Mr. J. E. Gates, of Delavan, representing Wood's reaper, left his home for a trip through Illinois, and when he reached Wyanet, died suddenly, and the next day his remains were shipped to Delavan. His wife had made arrangements to join him at Wyanet on a certain day, and started according to agreement. When she reached Mendota she had to change cars, and inquiring about the next train for Wyanet, and mentioning her husband's name, was told a man by that name had died at Wyanet the day before, and only a few hours before she reached Mendota his remains had passed through there on their way to Delavan. The shock can better be imagined than described.

Twenty-five years ago Roscoe Conkling and Jim Blaine entered Congress together—both poor. Conkling is now reported to be worth \$200,000, and Blaine, it is said, has a net capital of \$250,000. Who says there is no cloquence in figures?—*Milwaukee Sentinel.*

This paragraph was doubtless intended to show the spite of the Sentinel toward Secretary Blaine. There may be eloquence in figures when they are correct, but there is no eloquence in falsehoods. Neither Mr. Conkling nor Mr. Blaine entered Congress twenty-five years ago, neither did they enter together. Mr. Conkling had been in Congress nearly twenty-two years, and Mr. Blaine did not take his seat till 1863, only eight years ago. At that time neither of them was very poor. Mr. Conkling came from a well-to-do family, and beside that had built up a large and lucrative practice by the time he entered Congress. He is not a millionaire, but he has considerable property in Utica, and a handsome income beside his congressional salary. It was estimated by one of Mr. Conkling's friends only a month ago that he was worth at least \$150,000, not including his residence. Mr. Blaine has been counted a million by those who were trying to impress the public with the idea that he made his money out of speculation in Congress. He is estimated to be worth from \$200,000 to \$500,000, by those who were writing for the purpose of giving

the public information and not taffy. He had a favorable start more than twenty-five years ago, and not indulging in any extravagant habits, and making judicious investments, has become a man of considerable means. But the impression the Sentinel wants to make that Mr. Blaine got his money dishonestly, is unworthy of a newspaper of any respectability.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

Some Startling Revelations from the Stalwart Leaders in the Albany Fight.

The Buffalo Man Creates a Little Ripple in the Senatorial Contest.

Senator Rollins' Chances For Re-Election Destroyed in New Hampshire.

Meeting of the Wisconsin Bar Association at Madison.

A Petition For a Monument to the Memory of Senator Carpenter.

The Important Work of the State Temperance Convention.

Healthy Financial Condition of Wisconsin Masonic Fraternity.

A Brutal Murder in the Milwaukee Insane Asylum.

Other Interesting State and Miscellaneous News Items.

THE ALBANY FIGHT.

A Little Boom for Rogers, the Buffalo Lawyer.

ALBANY, June 14.—Rogers took a little boom to-day, and advanced to 21, three points higher than it had previously reached. It did not amount to much, but the change served to vary the monotony of the balloting a trifle. Mr. Rogers was in town on private business unconnected with politics, and perhaps the vote may have been a personal compliment to the universally esteemed Buffalo lawyer. He says he intends to take no part in the candidacy. His candidacy was begun without any effort on his part, and he proposes to let it continue without his interference. His friends remain firm, and are not without hope that he may be a successful candidate. Their hopes embrace chances for both positions. For the long term they argue that Depew's vote will go higher, but not high enough to secure an election, and its strength will fall to Rogers. For the short term they hold that between Wheeler and Rogers it would be the best policy for the administration side to take the latter, because St. Lawrence county, the home of the ex-vice president, is an assured Republican stronghold, while Erie county and the western part of the State is dominated by a powerful Conkling machine ring, which might be overthrown by strengthening the friends of the administration. A vigorous warfare is now waged on the machine which would probably end in victory if Rogers should be chosen Senator, now that he would use his position to dispense patronage, but that the moral effect of his election would be to increase the power of the anti-machine element. Wheeler received 23, his highest score. One of Depew's absent adherents returned and carried him up to 55, the largest yet received. Two more supporters were absent. The loss to Conkling and Platt was due to the non-attendance of some of their men. There were no changes of vote. The two assemblymen from Saratoga county, who have been voting for Cornell, cast two complimentary votes for ex-Senate Senator James M. Marvin, of Saratoga Springs.

It is rumored that, at the administration conference to-night, a proposition was made to vote for Cornell and Depew. Members who have been voting this ticket said they did so because they thought that, unless both wings of the party were recognized, a rupture of the party was inevitable.

STARTLING REVELATIONS.

Startling Revelations from the Stalwart Leaders Relating to the Albany Bribery Scandal.

WASHINGTON, June 14.—Private information received to-day from one of the stalwart leaders makes some startling revelations as to the curiosities in the Albany bribery case. It is said that they have the names of six members of the Legislature that were originally Conkling men, but who, to the surprise of their friends, voted for other candidates from the first, who were bribed to vote as they did. Their price was not paid in money, but they have been promised Federal offices as their reward for voting against Conkling and Platt. It is said now that these men are frightened, and are hoping the investigation will stop without taking too wide a range, as they cannot go on the stand without either committing perjury or ruining themselves politically. It is understood that as soon as they can do so without exciting suspicion they will break their bargain and vote for some stalwart. In fact it is asserted that they are anxious to do so as early as possible to save themselves from disgrace. It is also stated that Mr. Platt and two friends are willing to make an arrangement when it is apparent it is the best that can be done, to return Mr. Conkling and an administration man, but that Mr. Conkling has not consented to it. It is not certain that he can be induced to ac-

cept an election with any other colleague than Mr. Platt. It is also asserted that if any election is to be accomplished Mr. Conkling at least will be the one chosen.

NEW HAMPSHIRE.

Senator Rollins' Chances For Re-Election Destroyed.

CONCORD, N. H., June 14.—The chances for the re-election of Mr. Rollins to the United States Senate seem to have been practically destroyed by the vote taken in the legislature to-day. After a spirited debate in the house a vote was taken upon the resolution of the majority report of the Judiciary committee that the election be postponed until the next legislature, and it was passed. On the yeas-and-nays vote, which was the test, some 59 Republicans voted with the Democrats. In the Senate it was voted to elect a Senator, 14 to 10. Subsequently a vote was taken, with the following result: Rollins, 7; Bangham, 5; Blood, 2; Patterson, 2; Briggs, 2; James, 1; Doe, 1; Quint, 1; Wadleigh, 1; Burns, 1; Stevens, 1.

As a concurrence of both branches is necessary to go into an election, the action above taken practically postpones the election of a Senator until the next session of the Legislature.

CARPENTER.

A Petition for a Monument to the Memory of Senator Carpenter.

MILWAUKEE, June 14.—At the annual meeting of the State bar association, held at Madison to-day, a largely-signed petition from the prominent lawyers of the State was presented asking that a suitable monument be erected to the memory of the late Senator Matt H. Carpenter. It is proposed to raise the necessary funds by a popular subscription of the State at large.

THE STATE BAR MEETING.

The Wisconsin Bar Association in Session at Madison.

MADISON, June 14.—The State Bar of Wisconsin met in Madison to-night, and held the first session in the assembly chamber. The place of meeting was decorated with flowers, and red, white, and blue streamers encircled the gallery. The portraits of Wisconsin's eminent jurists and lawyers, including Chief Justices Ryan and Whiton, Associate Justice Paine, ex-Governor Dodge, Judges A. D. Smith, A. G. Miller, and L. B. Villas, General G. R. Smith, Judge Hopkins, Chief Justice Marshall, of the United States Supreme court, and others were suspended from the galleries. The Hon. M. M. Strong, of Mineral Point, a pioneer lawyer and the president of the State bar, presided. Addresses of welcome were delivered by Governor Smith and the Hon. J. C. Gregory, the latter representing the majority. The music was furnished by the Madison Maennerchor orchestra. The President delivered the annual address on the necrology of the bench and bar of Wisconsin. He gave short biographical sketches of the deceased Judges of the Supreme, Federal, and Circuit courts of the State. His obituary notices were not historical, but merely complimentary allusions to personal characteristics of the deceased and their services upon the bench.

WISCONSIN MASONS.

Healthy Financial Condition of Wisconsin Masons.

MILWAUKEE, June 14.—The Wisconsin Grand Lodge of Free Masons are in session here, about 400 brethren attending. The address of Grand Master Chapin embodied the following points of interest: That the late Treasurer Hiner's defalcation had been adjusted by the bondsmen, and that the lodge is now in good standing financially as well as numerically. The receipts during the year had amounted to \$6,523.31, and the expenditures to \$4,992.78, leaving a balance in the treasury of \$1,530.53.

TEMPERANCE.

The Second Day's Session of the State Temperance Association.

MADISON, June 14.—The second day's session of the State Temperance Convention was held in the Senate chamber to-day. A large number of papers, on the subject of prohibition were read. The committee on resolutions reported a platform which aroused considerable discussion. Prohibition was indorsed, and a prohibition amendment to the constitution demanded. It was resolved to support such men for office as will labor for the cause of temperance, and to make active efforts to elect temperance men to the next Legislature.

MURDER.

A Murder in the Insane Asylum in Milwaukee.

MILWAUKEE, June 14.—A brutal murder occurred in the State insane asylum, near this city, last night, the particulars of which were not received until this afternoon. A number of the inmates were at work in the yard under the charge of guards, when a dispute arose between two of them—Freeman Alvaris, and Ryan L. Day. It ended in Day raising his spade high in the air and striking Alvaris crushing the skull and killing him instantly. Both men were among the most peaceable inmates of the institution.

A MIXED MARRIAGE.

CHEYENNE, W. T., June 14.—The famous miscegenation case, wherein a Chinaman and a white woman were indicted for intermarriage, the ceremony having been performed in Colorado, was decided to-day by Chief Justice Sener. The court held that the marriage being legal in Colorado, it was legal here under the statutes. The defendants were finally discharged. A curious outgrowth of the case is that the Chinaman here he ostracized the bold groom, Leo Chin, and claim that he disgraced their race by marrying a white woman.

EASY LESSONS IN AMERICAN HISTORY.

George Washington first to the White House came;

And next on the list is John Adams' name; Tom Jefferson then filled the honored place; The name of James Madison then we trace; The fifth in succession was James Monroe; And John Quincy Adams the next below.

Then Andrew Jackson was placed in the chair, And next we find Martin Van Buren there. Then William H. Harrison's name we meet; Whose death gave John Tyler the coveted seat. Then James K. Polk was the Nation's choice; Next for Zachary Taylor she gave her voice. Whose premature death brought in Millard Fillmore;

And next Franklin Pierce the distinction wore. The fifteenth was James Buchanan they say, Who for Abraham Lincoln prepared the way; Whose martyrdom gave Andrew Johnson a chance.

The eighteenth name was Ulysses S. Grant's. By means of various and sundry ways, The nineteenth choice was R. B. Hayes. The Democrats strove but at length had to yield. To the man they opposed, James A. Garfield.

How Long Man May Live.

It was Professor Hufeland's opinion that the limit of possible human life might be set down at 200 years; and this on the general principle that the life of a creature is eight times the years of its growth. That which is quickly formed quickly perishes, and the earlier complete development is reached the sooner bodily decay ensues. More women reach old age than men, but more men attain remarkable longevity than women. Some animals grow to be very old. Some animals live shorter lives than those without horns, fiercer longer than timid, and amphibious longer than those which inhabit the air. The voracious pike exists, it is said, to an average of 150 years; the turtle is good for 100 years or more, and among birds the golden eagle is known to have lived nearly 200 years, while the shy and somber, crow reaches the venerable age of a century. Passing up in the scale of life to man, and skipping the patriarchs, we find many recorded instances of longevity among the classic Greeks and Romans. Pliny notes that in the reign of the Emperor Vespasian, in the year 76, there were 124 men living in the limited area between the Apennines and the Po of 100 years and upward, three of whom were 140 and four over 135. Cicero's wife lived to the age of 103, and the Roman actress, Luccia, played in public as late as her 112th year. Coming down to more recent times, the most notable authentic instance of the great age is that of Henry Jenkins, of Yorkshire, England, who died in 1670, 163 years old. He was a fisherman, and at the age of 140 easily swam across rapid rivers. Another historic case is that of Thomas Parr, of Shropshire a day laborer, who lived at the age of 152 years. When more than 150 he married his second wife, and till 130 he could swing the scythe and wield the flail with the best of his fellow laborers. In his 150th year Parr went up to London to exhibit himself to the King. It proved an unenvy visit, for, violating the abominable habit of a century and a half, the old man feasted so freely on royal victuals that he soon died, merely of a plethoria. On examination his internal organs proved to be in excellent condition, and that the reason why he should not have lived much longer save for this unfortunate taste of royal hospitality. Professor Hufeland's roll of centenarians includes many remarkable cases.

★ PROFESSOR ★

HORSFORD'S

PHOSPHATE

BAKING

POWDER

Made from Professor Horsford's Acid Phosphate. Recommended by leading physicians. Makes lighter biscuits, cakes, etc., and is healthier than ordinary Baking Powder.

In cans. Sold at a reasonable price. The Horsford Almanac and Cook Book sent free.

Prepared Chemical Works, Providence, R. I.

and 83 Lake St., Chicago, Ill.

april 22nd 30wly

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.—COUNTY COURT OF ROCK COUNTY. In the matter of the estate of Betsey Bailey, deceased. Let it be remembered that the time for creditors to present their claims for allowance having been limited to the 15th day of Dec. next, notice is hereby given that this court, at the office of the Judge thereof, in the city of Janesville, Wisconsin, at the next Dec. term, on the first Tuesday of Dec. next, from 12:30 o'clock p. m. to 4 o'clock p. m., will receive, examine and adjust all claims and demands of all persons against said deceased. Dated June 15th, 1881.

By the court,
AMOS P. RICHARD,
County Judge.
Norman & DUNWIDDIE, Att'ys.
Jelidewtw;

For Sale!

At a BARGAIN,

A NEW IMPROVED

HOWE

SEWING MACHINE

BLANKS.

FOR

Constables' Accounts with Rock County

AT GAZETTE OFFICE

MISCELLANEOUS.

The Stevens Upward

The Triumph of the Age and Great Benefactor.



Thus avoiding frequent repacking, and delivering water after filtration, above sediment and filtering material. It is made of heavy galvanized iron, has a reservoir for ice if you wish, and is easily moved. One was sent to W. G. Wheelock, the Crockery Dealer, last year and Mr. S. Hayner (Dimock & Hayner) took it on trial. The result was so satisfactory and exceedingly pleasing, filling the bill perfectly, that a stock was ordered and the Filters are now at Wheelock's Crockery Store and can be bought on approval. Large arrivals of Fruit Jars, Bird Cages, Lawn Vases, Hammocks, Ice Cream Freezers, Water Coolers and a few Jewett Refrigerators, left, at special prices.

FILTER!

AN APOLOGY!

Is due our customers in and out of the city for disappointments we have caused them this Spring in not furnishing their Garments at the promised time. It has been simply impossible for us to procure a sufficient number of capable workmen to fill orders, but we have "rounded to" at last and after this week think we shall be able to get out suits on Short Notice. Having had an unusual demand for fine goods, we shall make a special feature of \$23 and \$25 Suits, and \$5 and \$6 Pants, and in this class we have entered an assortment of nobby Suitings that will interest all who have not invested in SUMMER CLOTHING. We will also name some very low prices on GOODS BY THE YARD.

SMITH & SON,
Merchant Tailors.

McCORMICK & BEEBE,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

110 La Salle Street, CHICAGO, ILL. Grain and provisions bought, sold and carried on margins. Liberal cash advances made on consignments of grain and seeds. R. H. McCORMICK, W. H. BEEBE, Director McCormick Harvesting Mach. Co. Jelidewtw;

To Whom It May Concern!

Notice is hereby given by the Common Council of the city of Janesville that said council intends to vacate and discontinue that portion of Glen street in Piley & Shaw's addition to the Village of Janesville in the Second Ward of the City of Janesville leading from Main street to Rock river, and bounded on the North by lot 15 in said addition, and on the South by lot 17 in said addition, on the East by Main street and on the West by Rock river, and said council will act thereon on the 15th day of June at the regular meeting of said council on that night. By order of the Common Council,
CHAS. E. CHURCH,
City Clerk.

MILLINERY!

RUSSELL SISTERS

Opposite Dr. McCauley's Rooms have just returned from Chicago with the latest styles in Millinery Goods.

Here We Are Again.

We have been so busy that we have not had time to keep our customers well posted about

The Great Bargains We Have in Store

for them. Our Custom Department is—well, there is no use of talking; we have never been loaded with orders as we have been the past two months. Our Magic Lantern works like a charm. We furnish our customers with Garments made to Measure and to fit, at lower prices than ever. A new lot of Suitings just received. Come in and leave your measure. We do not keep open Sundays. On deck from 7 A. M. to 9 P. M., and don't you forget it.

E. T. FOOTE.

Janesville, June 11th, 1881.

HEIMSTREET!

ARTISTS' MATERIALS!

Open Wednesday.

Speaking of Carpets!

SMITH & BOSTWICK

EXHIBITION

The Largest and Most Extensive Stock of

CARPETS!

Ever before shown by any one house in the interior of the State. Also a large stock of

Oil Cloths, Linoleum Cloths, Rugs,

Matts, Plain and Fancy Matting,

All widths, Crumb Cloths, and everything else connected with a FIRST CLASS CARPET HOUSE.

Received this Day—A Large Stock of BODY BRUSSELS.

With Borders to Match. We have the finest stock of these goods ever shown in this market. All the above goods will be sold at the very lowest Net Cash Prices.

SMITH & BOSTWICK.

APRIL 16th, 1881.

HEIMSTREET'S

DRUG STORE!

OPEN WEDNESDAY!

